



How to Get Your Portfolio to Fund Itself

Description

Let's assume that you are investing \$1,000 every three months by saving from your paycheck. How would you like to invest \$2,000 every three months instead of \$1,000? This is without you having to change your current lifestyle by spending less and saving more.

Here's how you can get your portfolio to fund itself.

Buy dividend-growth stocks

You can invest in quality dividend-growth stocks such as **Bank of Montreal** ([TSX:BMO](#))([NYSE:BMO](#)). It has paid dividends for over 100 years. Currently, it costs around \$73 per share and yields 4.5%. Bank of Montreal's payout ratio is around 50%, so its dividend is sustainable and has room for growth.

Another dividend-growth stock is **Fortis Inc.** ([TSX:FTS](#)), which has a 42-year history of increasing dividends. It just raised its dividend by 10.3%. At \$37.5 per share, it just yields 4%. Fortis is in the very predictable business of utilities, so its earnings are stable and predictable as well. So, even with a higher payout ratio of 60% compared to the bank, Fortis's dividend has a margin of safety and room for growth.

Buy high-yielding dividend stocks

Some dividend stocks might not grow dividends, but a higher yields more than compensates for that. Real estate investment trusts (REITs) are a good group of high-yielding stocks because the cash flows they earn come from hard real estate assets.

Notably, **Northwest Healthcare Properties REIT** ([TSX:NWH.UN](#)) yields 9.8% at about \$8 per share. The global REIT owns hospitals and clinics with a focus in Canada and Brazil, though it has properties in Australasia and Germany as well. Its payout ratio is at the high end at 95%, but the REIT has also been maintaining a high occupancy level of 94%.

REITs pays out distributions that are unlike dividends. If you wish to avoid the tax-reporting hassle, then you should purchase and hold REITs in a TFSA or an RRSP.

Tax-free savings account

If you are a Canadian who is at least 18 years old, you're eligible for a tax-free savings account (TFSA). This year, you have \$10,000 of contribution room. If you were 18 years old in 2009, then you would have accumulated \$41,000. Whatever you earn in a TFSA is tax free, so there's no reason not to use it. However, remember to [avoid these big TFSA mistakes](#).

In conclusion

If you buy quality dividend stocks, you can let them compound at their maximum potential without having any tax cuts when you hold them in a TFSA.

Let's assume that you have a dividend-growth portfolio with \$41,000 invested and you continue to contribute \$1,000 every three months. You also reinvest all dividends back into the portfolio. Your portfolio continues to yield 4% as it grows, and the yield grows 5% per year.

In your seventh year of investing, your portfolio would be worth over \$100,000, and generate \$4,000 in dividends annually. At that time, you can choose to invest \$2,000 to get to your retirement goals faster, or you can let your portfolio fund itself and spend the \$1,000 savings from your paycheck as you see fit.

CATEGORY

1. Dividend Stocks
2. Investing

POST TAG

1. Editor's Choice

TICKERS GLOBAL

1. NYSE:BMO (Bank of Montreal)
2. TSX:BMO (Bank Of Montreal)
3. TSX:FTS (Fortis Inc.)
4. TSX:NWH.UN (NorthWest Healthcare Properties Real Estate Investment Trust)

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Date

2025/08/27
Date Created
2015/10/02
Author
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